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- (4) The impact of Government contracts on the contractor's business.
- (5) Whether the proportion of Government work to the contractor's total business is such as to influence the contractor in favor of incurring the cost, particularly when the services rendered are not of a continuing nature and have little relationship to work under Government contracts.
- (6) Whether the service can be performed more economically by employment rather than by contracting.
- (7) The qualifications of the individual or concern rendering the service and the customary fee charged, especially on non-Government contracts.
- (8) Adequacy of the contractual agreement for the service (e.g., description of the service, estimate of time required, rate of compensation, termination provisions).
- (e) Retainer fees, to be allowable, must be supported by evidence that-
- (1) The services covered by the retainer agreement are necessary and customary:
- (2) The level of past services justifies the amount of the retainer fees (if no services were rendered, fees are not automatically unallowable);
- (3) The retainer fee is reasonable in comparison with maintaining an inhouse capability to perform the covered services, when factors such as cost and level of expertise are considered; and

(4) The actual services performed are documented in accordance with paragraph (f) of this subsection.

- (f) Fees for services rendered are allowable only when supported by evidence of the nature and scope of the service furnished (see also 31.205-38(c)). However, retainer agreements generally are not based on specific statements of work. Evidence necessary to determine that work performed is proper and does not violate law or regulation shall include-
- (1) Details of all agreements (e.g., work requirements, rate of compensation, and nature and amount of other expenses, if any) with the individuals or organizations providing the services and details of actual services performed;
- (2) Invoices or billings submitted by consultants, including sufficient detail

as to the time expended and nature of

the actual services provided; and
(3) Consultants' work products and related documents, such as trip reports indicating persons visited and subjects discussed, minutes of meetings, and collateral memoranda and reports.

[55 FR 52793, Dec. 21, 1990; 57 FR 60610, Dec. 21, 1992; 62 FR 51271, Sept. 30, 1997, as amended at 66 FR 2131; 68 FR 43872, July 24, 2003]

31.205-34 Recruitment costs.

- (a) Subject to paragraph (b) of this subsection, the following costs are allowable:
 - (1) Costs of help-wanted advertising.
- (2) Costs of operating an employment office needed to secure and maintain an adequate labor force.
- (3) Costs of operating an aptitude and educational testing program.
- (4) Travel costs of employees engaged in recuiting personnel.
- (5) Travel costs of applicants for interviews.
- (6) Costs for employment agencies, not in excess of standard commercial rates.
- (b) Help-wanted advertising costs are unallowable if the advertising-
- (1) Does not describe specific positions or classes of positions; or
- (2) Includes material that is not relevant for recruitment purposes, such as extensive illustrations or descriptions of the company's products or capabili-

[48 FR 42301, Sept. 19, 1983, as amended at 64 FR 10547, Mar. 4, 1999]

31.205-35 Relocation costs.

- (a) Relocation costs are costs incident to the permanent change of assigned work location (for a period of 12 months or more) of an existing employee or upon recruitment of a new employee. The following types of relocation costs are allowable as noted, subject to the limitations in paragraphs (b) and (f) of this subsection:
- (1) Costs of travel of the employee and members of the employee's immediate family (see 31.205-46) and transportation of the household and personal effects to the new location.
- (2) Costs of finding a new home, such as advance trips by the employee or the spouse, or both, to locate living quarters, and temporary lodging during